NATIONAL HONEY REPORT



Agricultural Marketing Service Specialty Crops Program Market News Division

Unit 1, Produce Row Room 101 St. Louis. MO 63102

Phone: 314-425-4520 Fax: 314-621-3214 Website: www.ams.usda.gov/marketnews.htm

Volume XLI – Number 4 **Issued Monthly** April 27, 2021

HONEY MARKET FOR THE MONTH OF MARCH 2021 IN VOLUMES OF 10,000 POUNDS OR GREATER UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED

Prices paid to beekeepers for extracted, unprocessed honey in major producing states by packers, handlers & other large users, cents per pound, f.o.b. or delivered nearby, containers exchanged or returned, prompt delivery & payment unless otherwise stated. - REPORT INCLUDES BOTH NEW AND OLD CROP HONEY - (# Some in Small Lot --- +Some delayed payments or previous commitment)

CALIFORNIA Mixed Flower	Light Amber	\$2.08		
Mixed Flower	Amber	\$2.08		
Orange	Extra Light Amber	\$2.08		
Valley	Light Amber	\$2.08		
DAKOTAS	Light Amber	\$2.00		
Clover	White	\$1.55	_	\$1.65
		T - 10 C		
Clover	Extra Light Amber	\$1.65	-	\$1.80
FLORDIA				
Brazilian Pepper	Light Amber	\$1.50	-	\$1.75
Mixed Flower	Extra Light Amber	\$1.75	-	\$2.00
Orange	White	\$2.25		
HAWAII				
Mixed Flower	Extra Light Amber	\$1.55		
MISSISSIPPI	*			
Mixed Flower	Amber	\$1.60		
TEXAS		,		
Clover	White	\$1.65		
Clover	Extra Light Amber	\$1.65		
	C			
D: 11. G !! D				
Prices paid to Canadian Be	ekeepers for unprocessed,	, bulk hone	ey b	V

per pound.

Clover White No Sales Prices paid to importers for bulk honey, duty paid, containers included, cents per pound, ex-dock or point of entry unless otherwise stated.

ARGENTINA				
Clover	White	\$1.29	-	\$1.94
Clover	Extra Light	\$1.34		
Clover	Light Amber	\$1.91		
Mesquite	White	\$1.29		
Mixed Flowers	White	\$1.19	-	\$1.84
Mixed Flowers	Extra Light	\$1.15	-	\$1.84
Mixed Flowers	Light Amber	\$1.15	-	\$1.88
BRAZIL	_			
Mixed Flowers	Light Amber	\$.80		
Orange	White	\$1.75		
Orange	Extra Light	\$1.75		
ORGANIC	White	\$1.83		
ORGANIC	Extra Light	\$1.82	_	\$1.84
ORGANIC	Light Amber	\$1.16	-	\$1.84
INDIA				
Mixed Flower	White	\$.69	-	\$1.22
Mixed Flower	Extra Light	\$.71	-	\$1.14
Mixed Flower	Light Amber	\$.71	-	\$1.02
Mustard	Extra Light	\$1.05		
ORGANIC	Light Amber	\$.89		
UKRAINE	_			
Sunflower	Extra Light	\$.85		
Mixed Flower	White	\$.93		
URUGUAY				
Mixed Flower	White	\$1.33		
Mixed Flower	Extra Light	\$1.29	-	\$1.70
VIETNAM	-			
Mixed Flower	Light Amber	\$.70	-	\$.89

COLONY, HONEY PLANT AND MARKET CONDITIONS DURING MARCH 2021

APPALACHIAN DISTRICT (MD, PA, VA, WV): March was the month for temperature and weather fluctuations, which is pretty normal for the Appalachian District at this time of year. By mid-month Beekeepers in the southern part of the District were putting out swarm traps and by mid-late March, several were adding supers. Colony activity increased when the weather was on the warm side and bees were seen taking orientation flights. As Beekeepers checked colonies, a few had to re-queen as several were already showing larvae, packed nectar, and capped brood by the end of the month. Pollen and nectar sources in early March were skunk cabbage, crocus, and various spring ephemerals and by mid-month the red maples began their bloom, which is the first major source of pollen and nectar in the District. Willow, Elm, redbuds, dandelions, and peaches had also started by the latter part of March and in the southern part of the District. Beekeepers did report some colony losses and were busy splitting healthy colonies and waiting for packaged bee deliveries, which should arrive in April. Several local groups started their beekeeping classes and meetings, which were mostly done virtually.

ALABAMA: Periods of heavy rainfall and slightly cooler temperatures through the month of March reduced foraging abilities of colonies, and potentially impaired queen mating. Regardless, colonies in the state increased brood rearing dramatically, with many swarms reported from north to south. Early in the month some beekeepers reported the need to provide supplemental food, but by the end of March colonies were increasing weight from nectar producing plants, such as Titi, clovers, hollies, and cherry laurels, as some examples. Some beekeepers started to receive packaged bees at the very end of the state, whereas most made final preparations to receive them in April. Some beekeeper associations were making plans to initiate inperson meetings in the coming weeks and month.

ARIZONA: Temperatures across Arizona were at or slightly below normal levels for the month of March. The main nectar and pollen sources for bees across Arizona during the month of March were backyard and desert plant bloom, alfalfa and citrus (primarily lemons and tangelos).

Some Arizona bee colonies remained out of state during the first part of the month for the purposes of pollinating fruit and nut trees elsewhere, including California. However, towards the end of the month, most colonies had returned to the state. This has resulted in an increased level of bee activity in the state.

According to figures from the National Agricultural Statistical Service (NASS), for 2020 Arizona had 25,000 honey producing colonies (up 2,000 from 2019), 900,000 pounds of honey produced (158,000 pounds below 2019) with a total production value of \$1,962,000 (a decrease of \$122,000 from 2019). The average per pound price for honey in Arizona in 2019 was \$2.18, up from the 2019 average of \$1.97 per pound.

Dry, drought like conditions continue across the state. 98.90 percent of Arizona is now under drought conditions, with 86.56 percent of the state under extreme drought conditions. Demand for honey remained good across Arizona.

ARKANSAS: During the month of March temperatures were mostly above normal across most of the state. Precipitation during March was mostly normal across most of the state. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor website, Arkansas had normal soil moisture conditions for March. Too few prices exist to establish a current market price for wholesale white honey.

CALIFORNIA: After almond pollination finished in February, California beekeepers moved their hives to cherries. Though some bees have fared well since then, others have languished in dry conditions, which could result in the need for heavy feeding and new queens later this summer. Meanwhile, some beekeepers have moved their bees to the mountains where they can forage on manzanita, bear clover, buck bush and other wildflowers. "The bees are doing great in the mountains," one beekeeper said. "Our weather has been favorable for the bees and bloom after almonds, so colonies built up nicely," another said. "But we haven't got enough rain. Trees are already dying, and this summer will likely be a disaster."

Some bees leased from outside California for almond pollination have since been returned to their states of origin. "The ongoing drought here in Central California has resulted in a meager amount of nectar and pollen for the bees to work," another beekeeper said. "We have been feeding supplemental sugar syrup in some locations as needed in order to avoid starvation. Mustard, fiddleneck, filaree, and other wildflowers provided pollen and a little nectar in March, but these floral sources are drying up now, and we will keep the sugar and protein supplement available to feed the bees when needed again. We are nearly done making splits as we restock our winter 'dead out' hives." Another beekeeper said cool weather had reduced colony flight time. With limited prospects of honey production ahead, he planned to wait a month or two before filling his dead colonies. "The queen breeders in Northern California are having one of their better years in a long time," he said. "There has been very little adverse weather for them. Queens are readily available."

FLORIDA: The weather was a little warmer and dryer than normal. This turned out to be exactly the type of weather oranges need to produce their best yields. Almost all bees had returned from California by the end of the month. Bee health was considered to be good. Many bees had started working blooming orange trees by the middle of the month. Beehives that were not in the orange groves were being split and treated for mites. The other bees will receive the same treatment after the orange blossom season ends. The season is expected to last in some parts of Florida until about the middle of April. Yields of orange blossom honey were reported by some producers to be the best in several years. It will be a few weeks before these early reports can be confirmed. Bees were also being used to pollinate blueberries in Florida. Other bees were being relocated to several states in the Northeast for various pollination tasks. Blueberries, squash and cucumbers were a few of the crops they were expected to pollinate in states such as New Jersey, Michigan and Maine. Some palmetto and Gallberry trees began blooming near the end of the month. Tupelo trees should begin blooming in April with producers hoping for better honey yields from tupelo than the past couple of years. Demand was good for orange blossom honey with a moderate amount of honey expected to be stored by the end of the month.

GEORGIA: It was a cold and wet March in many areas. Beekeepers are still rebuilding the hives and splitting to replace losses from earlier winter ailments. Most are doing well even when the cold temps kept the bees inside and causing problems in the hives with dysteria, treatments continue to keep them in good shape and prevent problems for the Spring flow which will be coming up soon. The bees will be hitting the melon fields and are out foraging early wildflowers. So far a good honey flow is expected for this season. Prices remain steady. The Governor has opened up the state and restrictions are lifted. This should help beekeepers get back to having in person meetings and sales at upcoming trade shows, etc. and get them back to making money after having over a year of slow retail sales. Commercial sales are steady and should increase once businesses get back in order and operational again.

IDAHO, COLORADO, UTAH: During the month of March temperatures were below normal across Eastern Idaho. Western Idaho had temperatures that were about normal for the month. Utah had temperatures that were above normal across most of the state. Colorado had temperatures that were slightly above normal in the Western part of the state. The Eastern part saw temperatures that were above normal. Precipitation during March was slightly below normal across most of Idaho, Utah, and Western Colorado. Eastern Colorado saw precipitation that was slightly above normal for March. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor website, Idaho had abnormally dry soil conditions except for the Central area where a small area of severe to extreme drought conditions. Most of Utah is currently under extreme to exceptional drought conditions. Western Colorado had extreme to exceptionally dry soil conditions while Eastern Colorado had moderate to severe drought conditions during March.

Most Beekeepers have shipped hives to southern states or California at this time due to the weather conditions. The 2021 almond pollination has begun in California. There were too few sales reported to establish a market for local honey.

ILLINOIS: The temperatures in March were higher than the historical averages with a little less rain than normal. During warmer days, the bees took cleansing flights. Beekeepers have been checking on the bees to see how they are doing. Most beekeepers report that most of their bees have survived the winter in good condition. Beekeepers report going to their club meetings and participating in classes. Demand for honey is good at the retail level and fairly good at wholesale level. Prices are generally unchanged.

INDIANA: The weather has been warmer than average for March with the usual amount of rain. Most beekeepers report that some of their bees have survived the winter in good condition, while many report some dead hives. Beekeepers say that they have bought new packages to rebuild their hives. Demand for honey is good at the retail level and fairly good at the wholesale level. Prices are generally unchanged.

IOWA, KANSAS, MISSOURI, NEBRASKA: No report issued.

KENTUCKY: In the words of Charles Dickens, the month of March in Kentucky was a time "when the sun shines hot and the wind blows cold, when it is summer in the light and winter in the shade." The month begin with historic rainfall, with many counties in eastern Kentucky suffering catastrophic floods. The month ended with a sudden drop in temperatures in the low-20sF. However, in the intervening weeks, honeybees had plenty of access to purple dead nettle, willows, red maple, Virginia spring beauty, Virginia bluebells, and the vast array of spring-flowering bulbs such as crocus, daffodils, and Lenten rose. Swarm cups and cells were forming as early as March 4th, with an anecdotal report of a swam from a commercial beekeeper was March 22. As the vaccination process becomes smoother in our state, beekeeper associations are beginning to consider outdoor meetings and scheduling inperson field events for later in the year. In the meantime, the Kentucky State Beekeepers Association and the Kentucky Queen Bee Breeders Association have had spring meetings via zoom. Due to global shipping restrictions, prices of jars for bottling honey are increasing sharply, so beekeepers have been advised to buy their supplies now. And the Kentucky Queen Bee Breeders Association is planning for an 'in-person' honeybee grafting session later in the summer. Also, plans are well underway for Eastern Apiculture Society to have its annual summer conference, Aug. 11-13, in Shepherdsville, KY, as an in-person event.

LOUISIANA: During the month of March temperatures were well above normal across most of the state. Precipitation was normal to below normal across the state. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor website, Louisiana had mostly normal to a few areas of abnormally dry soil moisture conditions for March. Too few prices exist to establish a current market price for wholesale white honey.

MICHIGAN: Mid-Michigan had a warm month in March with cleansing flights most days. The bees this month brought in much pollen and nectar from early blooming trees and plants such as Red Maples, Sugar Maples, Pussy Willows, Weeping Willows, Skunk Cabbage, Crocus, Grape Hyacinth, and Violets.

Many beekeepers are reporting good survival rates this winter with hives but some hives were lost during the February cold spell. Some also reported that their hives had dysentery and nosema this winter. March and April are crucial months for their hive. With the warm weather the bees are going through their honey stores quickly and some feeding has become necessary. With warmer than normal weather brood rearing has begun in earnest and the hives could run out of food quickly if the weather turns bad for an extended amount of time.

Beekeepers are reporting continuing demand for local honey with honey prices holding. The Michigan Beekeepers Association conducted their spring conference virtually with many great speakers over a four day period attended by over 500 beekeepers.

MINNESOTA: During the month of March, temperatures were above normal across Northern Minnesota. Southern Minnesota had temperatures that were well above normal for March. Precipitation in March was generally above normal across the state. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor website, Minnesota had moderate to normal soil moisture conditions during the month of March.

The 2021 almond pollination has begun in California. According to bee brokers in California, it appears there may be a shortage of bees this year for the 2021 almond pollination. Demand for Minnesota honey continues to be good for locally sourced honey. Prices for 2020 crop range mostly from \$1.45-\$1.55.

MISSISSIPPI: Rebuilding and working nucs is the main focus after some beekeepers have reported losses as high as fifty percent over the winter. Nucs are being fed and the bees are mainly on Sugar syrup until they can get out daily and forage. Blackberries, White Dutch Clover, Henbit and other wildflowers are coming in and the bees are ready for them. Sales and prices are holding about steady.

MONTANA: As the month of March ended, Montana had experienced warm winter conditions with above average temperatures, little moisture, and high winds across the state. During March, the snow coverage had declined around the state from the previous month, rating a 2 percent good to excellent coverage, compared to a snow cover rating of 57 percent good to excellent coverage rating in 2020. Topsoil moisture measurements at the end of March measured 30 percent very short, compared to 12 percent last year; 46 percent short, compared to 41 percent last year; 23 percent adequate, compared to 46 percent last year; and 1 percent surplus, compared to 1 percent last year. Subsoil moisture measured 71 percent short and very short, while 29 percent of the subsoil moisture measurements were adequate or surplus. According the Drought Monitor survey, at the end of March approximately 80 percent of Montana was abnormally dry or in a state of drought.

Home beekeepers continued with home equipment repair and overwintering activities for home colonies and disbursing hives for early native vegetation. Traveling Montana colonies were at other locations, including Oregon and Washington State where generally cold nights and normal to below normal daytime temperatures, often with breezy winds were the morn. Apricots, cherry, pear, peach, plum trees, and early blueberries were in bloom in areas of Oregon, while apricots and early stone fruit in early areas of the lower Yakima Valley were in bloom in Washington State by the month's end.

NEW ENGLAND: In New England, weather for the month of March offered some very cold temperatures which were lower than normal, exhibiting daytime temperatures in the high 20's and low 30's whereby mostly freezing temperatures overnight combined with high winds creating a low wind chill effect. Precipitations in the form of heavy snow fall in Northern New England as opposed a wintery mix in the south. The resulting high moisture levels should provide conditions for abundant pollen and nectar sources. Early spring ornamentals such as hazelnut catkins, skunk cabbage, poison ivy, swamp red maple, and silver maple, winter aconite and all the willows such as goat, white, black, and pussy as well as snow drops (Galanthus nivalis), snowflakes (Leucojum vernum), glory of the snow (Chionadoxa luciliae), Scilla Siberica are beginning to bloom in a limited way. Just recently, in

southern New England bees have been returning to their hives with their pollen sacks brimming with orange, yellow and cream-colored pollen from crocus, daffodils, and witch hazel. There is pollen being brought in, but most southern New England keepers have started feeding light sugar syrup, and light cane syrup to stimulate egg lying and to increase early populations as we look ahead to apple and fruit pollination in April/May. March is a critical month for feeding. Current cold temperatures require Northern New England keepers to feed only solids such as protein patties, fondant, sugar candy, or dry granulated sugar around the opening of the inner cover. The cluster will adjust itself around more stores and will participate in cleansing flights on the milder temperature days. Keepers in Southern New England are proceeding to feed 1:1 ratio sugar water and high fructose syrup in order to stimulate brood rearing with over winter hives. Seasoned keepers feed with caution because swarm control is a major tenet of successful beekeeping.

March losses are not uncommon because bees are aging, and the colonies stores have dwindled.

This month is traditionally a time for bee association classes, as well as nuc and package bee pick-ups to be scheduled. Reportedly, there has been a strong demand for new equipment, nucs and package bees & queens which means bee production is low and it's hard to come up with enough bees for everyone in the demand cycle. Reportedly, there has been some consistently cold and wet weather in Georgia and in the South, which has seriously pushed back the production of package bees, which is the main source for supply to New England beekeepers.

The beekeeper associations classes have focused on highlighting the best management practices for all beekeepers no matter where your hives are located. In New England, many beekeeper associations such as Norfolk and Barnstable counties and Rhode Island beekeeper's association have joined together in a zoom conference format for intermediate bee school classes in a ten-week combined series. Each class has featured a different lecturer with defined expertise and subject matter that is offered to the zoom class participants with the added option to have the opportunity to engage in conversations with the class participants in a controlled and orderly conference like setting.

In New England, comprehensively, colonies reported losses were variable. In some cases, there were various reports of big losses and surprisingly several beekeepers indicating no losses. The individuals reporting no loss or little loss seemed to have feed bees or left plenty of winter feed honey and treated for mites and they have added candy boards during the winter especially with wintered over single hive boxes.

Many beeswax sellers have held their prices steady however, are reportedly very low on supply inventories. Demand at all retail/wholesale outlets remains good and honey sales remain firm.

NEW YORK: No report issued.

NORTH CAROLINA: Temperatures in North Carolina were slightly above normal for March with a statewide average temperature of 51.6°F, while precipitation was slightly below normal. Overall statewide soil moisture levels were rated 0 percent very short, 2.5 percent short, 55 percent adequate, and 42.5 percent surplus the week ending April 03. The North Carolina Drought Management Advisory Council reported zero counties as having outstanding drought or dryness.

The warmer, dryer weather allowed for increased brood rearing. Hobby beekeepers reported some swarming to apiary inspectors, while commercial beekeepers were splitting hives to reduce the risk of swarming. The major honey flow is expected mid-April, but bees could be seen working Blackberry, Dandelion, and Dead Nettle in the Coastal Plains region. Red Maple and Sugar Maple were in bloom in the Piedmont and Mountain regions. Bees could also be seen working ornamental evergreen shrubs such as Camellias. Commercial pollinators began moving hives back to North Carolina; primarily to the eastern part of the state for blueberry pollination.

Retail honey prices at the Raleigh State Farmers' Market were generally unchanged: \$7.00-\$8.00 per 8 ounce jar, \$12.00-\$13.00 per 16 ounce jar, \$20.00-\$22.00 per 32 ounce jar, and \$18.00 per 44 ounce jar; processed honey, creamed, was \$10.00 per 16 ounce jar. Prices at the Piedmont Triad Farmers' Market in Greensboro were also unchanged at: \$8.00-\$12.00 per 8-ounce jar, \$12.00-\$18.00 per 22-ounce jar, and \$20.00 per 32-ounce jar.

NORTH & SOUTH DAKOTA: By the beginning of March almond blossom was mostly finished and at least some bees were moving North to help with tree fruit crops in the Pacific Northwest. According to the NASS production report, the combined 2020 total colony count for North Dakota and South Dakota was 740,000 colonies, down from 790,00 colonies in 2019. Yields averaged 72 lbs. per hive, up slightly from 67 lbs. in 2019. Total production for the state was at 53,105 million lbs., down slightly from 53,240 million the previous year. Stocks on hand in December were at 16.776 million lbs., up nearly 20% from 14.004 million lbs. in 2019. The value of the crop was set at \$85,668 million based on \$1.60 per pound. The total value in 2019 was \$78,660 million based on \$1.48 per pound.

OHIO: March came in like a penguin with cold temperatures (Cleveland 19 F; 23 F in Toledo and Cincinnati and 19 degrees in Columbus) but temperatures increased and averaged 5-7 degrees warmer by the end of the month. More remarkable were the high winds that howled across Ohio at the end of the month, knocking down trees and large limbs. The wind peaked at 55 mph in Cleveland and 46 mph in Toledo and Cincinnati on March 25. Winds in Columbus peaked at 52 mph.

Northwest Ohio: Maples have been blooming for a while now, we had sunny, warm, and calm weather for the middle part of March that allowed plenty of flying. Spring buildup is underway. Winter losses seem to be high. Honey prices remain stable \$5.00 to \$6.00 per pound wholesale and \$8.00 to \$10.00 per pound retail. Demand for honey remains soft.

West Central Ohio: March warm temperatures has allowed bees to collect pollen on the early maples and willow trees. Rain has been above average plus major wind storms prevented bees from flying several days. Managed local adapted and feral bees are building up well. Losses for feral and Ohio Locally adapted bees are approximately 20%.

Southeast Ohio: Spring has arrived, and the bees are getting off to a great start this year as many trees and early flowers are in bloom. Yesterday the first dandelions were in bloom. That is an indication that the bees have made it through the winter and will have plenty of pollen and nectar to increase their population. It is time to finish spring-cleaning, reverse the hive bodies, and ensure the queen is still productive. It is also time to start doing checks to control swarming by removing unwanted queen cells. The swarming season is arriving shortly, placing swarm traps would be a good idea at this time if you were looking to expand your numbers or replace winter losses.

OKLAHOMA: During the month of March temperatures were above normal across most of the state. Precipitation during March was below normal across the state. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor website, normal to a few areas of abnormally dry soil conditions exist across the state. Too few prices exist to establish a current market price for wholesale white honey

OREGON: No report issued.

SOUTH CAROLINA: Upstate region of SC reported average temperatures for the area for the month of March to be 55-58, with total precipitation of 4.87 inches. With maple trees in bloom, they bring the first abundant pollen source for the bees. Many other sources are also beginning to bloom providing some nectar. However, beekeepers continue to feed colonies of lower weight to account for the increased population.

Some report the brood patterns currently seen indicate that the intensive fall mite treatments were successful. Colonies have consistent activity with good hive weight and the colonies are healthy with active laying queens. However, increased bee population due to early spring build up may put the colonies at risk for starvation. Beekeepers continue to monitor honey stores until nectar flow begins. The extreme swing in temperatures this time of year has some braced for additional brood mortality.

Pricing reported as follow: 2 oz \$3.00, 12 oz \$8.00-10.00, 16 oz \$10.00, 22 oz \$13.00-19.00, 32 oz \$15.00, and 80 oz \$45.00. The South Carolina State Farmers Market located in West Columbia reported honey prices as as follow: 12/1 Pt \$70.00, 12/1 Qt \$130.00, 12 ct. Honey Bears \$50.00-60.00.

TENNESSEE: No report issued.

TEXAS: During the month of March temperatures were mostly above normal across most of the state. Precipitation during March was slightly below normal to below average across the state. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor website, drought conditions for March were abnormally dry to severe across most of the state.

The mesquite trees have not put on leaves in Central Texas so Spring isn't officially here. But the wildflowers are beginning to bloom so it can't be long. The weather forecast calls for a temperature in the mid to low 30's for the final day of March. Maybe the mesquite trees know something we don't. Bees buzzing and birds are singing. What more could you ask for?

Too few prices exist to establish a current market price for wholesale white honey.

WASHINGTON: Average precipitation had a fairly average snowpack, although lower elevation snowfall was light. Some colder nights in late March required frost protection for fruit trees in some areas where the trees were further advanced. Bee activity began to pick up later in the month as bloom began in some orchards in the earliest districts. According to the NASS production report, in 2020 Washington had 98,000 colonies, from up 81,000 colonies in 2019. Yields averaged 37 lbs. per hive, just up from 35 lbs. in 2019. Total production for the state was at 3.626 million lbs., down from 2.835 million the previous year. Stocks on hand in December were 798,000 lbs., up from 1,191,000 lbs. in 2019. The value of the crop was set at \$9.21 million based on \$2.54 per pound. The total value in 2019 was \$6.18 million.

WISCONSIN: The weather for March has been warm with little precipitation. Beekeepers report an approximately 25 percent loss of bees over the winter. Beekeepers are trying to rebuild their populations with purchased packages. Beekeepers continue to feed their bees. Demand for honey is good at the retail level and demand was weak at the wholesale level. Prices are generally unchanged.

The export data is sourced from the Census Bureau. U.S Exports of Honey By Country, Quantity, and Value

	T 7	D . (EEDLIDA	DX: 2021
	Year to		FEBURA	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
	Kilograms	Dollars	Kilograms	Dollars
COMB & NATURAL HONEY PACKAGED FOR RETAIL	L SALE			
Austria	4,820	11,700	0	0
Bahamas, The	3,438	15,763	2,456	13,257
Bahrain	17,644	50,972	600	9,600
Barbados	15,246	61,296	8,953	27,240
Cayman Islands	1,715	8,240	953	4,578
China	20,142	54,394	12,064	34,786
Guyana	4,727	10,367	0	0
Haiti	3,607	19,268	3,607	19,268
Hong Kong	2,226	8,544	742	2,848
Japan	125,320	505,286	35,206	134,948
Korea, South	73,424	359,354	73,424	359,354
Netherlands Antilles(*)	5,226	29,642	816	4,830
Panama	45,918	188,362	3,266	19,320
Philippines	73,383	201,409	73,383	201,409
Thailand	465	9,129	465	9,129
United Arab Emirates	21,820	55,226	8,112	21,952
Yemen(*)	17,669	28,288	0	0

ional Honey Report	Vol. XLI - Number 4	Page 6		April 27, 202	1
NATURAL HONEY, NOT SPECIFIED	ELSEWHERE INDICATED OR				
Australia(*)		2,725	14,569	2,725	14,569
Bahamas, The		2,342	5,685	1,034	2,510
Bermuda		3,678	26,055	2,045	13,444
Canada		147,885	521,762	64,244	246,105
China		9,977	52,290	1,523	6,239
Ecuador		300	7,359	300	7,359
Hong Kong		1,948	11,611	871	3,930
Israel(*)		75,240	332,000	75,240	332,000
Japan		40,491	240,091	34,240	199,844
Korea, South		80,511	249,402	49,201	166,996
Kuwait		463	2,771	0	0
Netherlands Antilles(*)		1,746	3,074	1,746	3,074
Oman		5,768	14,000	5,768	14,000
Philippines		829	7,249	829	7,249
Singapore		1,406	10,230	1,406	10,230
Trinidad and Tobago		11,520	42,906	0	0
United Arab Emirates		4,244	10,302	0	0
Yemen(*)		227	7,000	0	0
GRAND TOTAL		828,090	3,175,596	465,219	1,890,068

	Natura	al H	loney, Not	For	Retail Sa	le, V	White (HTS	6 Code 040900	003	5)				
Country of Origin			Month:	M	lar 2021			2021 TOTAL TO DATE						
Country of Origin	Kilograms	ograms Value			Value (2)	Tot	tal Value (3)	Kilograms		Value	С	IF Value (2)	Total Value (3)	
ALBERTA, CANADA	18,768	\$	82,096	\$	100	\$	82,196	42,052	\$	204,555	\$	354	\$	204,909
ARGENTINA	655,536	\$	2,092,006	\$	55,854	\$	2,147,860	1,662,080	\$	4,973,247	\$	132,617	\$	5,105,864
BRAZIL	131,600	\$	579,898	\$	15,508	\$	595,406	374,480	\$	1,743,093	\$	36,148	\$	1,779,241
BRITISH COLUMBIA, CANADA	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	131	\$	675	\$	8	\$	683
EGYPT	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	1,350	\$	8,568	\$	621	\$	9,189
FRANCE	59	\$	1,301	\$	22	\$	1,323	158	\$	2,418	\$	91	\$	2,509
GEORGIA	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	1,056	\$	11,698	\$	383	\$	12,081
GERMANY, FED. REPUBLIC	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	5,084	\$	54,127	\$	3,297	\$	57,424
GUATEMALA	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	7	\$	191	\$	1	\$	192
INDIA	186,000	\$	366,376	\$	8,264	\$	374,640	198,024	\$	408,380	\$	8,266	\$	416,646
ITALY	2,732	\$	51,518	\$	9,962	\$	61,480	4,297	\$	79,564	\$	15,104	\$	94,668
JAMAICA	336	\$	2,600	\$	1	\$	2,601	336	\$	2,600	\$	1	\$	2,601
JAPAN	783	\$	25,443	\$	291	\$	25,734	1,576	\$	46,547	\$	555	\$	47,102
KOREA, REPUBLIC OF	2	\$	750	\$	40	\$	790	2	\$	750	\$	40	\$	790
KYRGYZSTAN	5,304	\$	26,359	\$	4,293	\$	30,652	8,427	\$	48,604	\$	4,551	\$	53,155
MALAYSIA	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	1	\$	139	\$	127	\$	266
MANITOBA, CANADA	38,170	\$	142,630	\$	300	\$	142,930	101,643	\$	382,348	\$	635	\$	382,983
MEXICO	54,217	\$	103,285	\$	12	\$	103,297	203,228	\$	434,096	\$	57	\$	434,153
NEW ZEALAND	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	6,378	\$	133,444	\$	3,170	\$	136,614
ONTARIO, CANADA	34,020	\$	136,368	\$	400	\$	136,768	94,973	\$	378,917	\$	1,200	\$	380,117
QUEBEC, CANADA	2,419	\$	24,743	\$	556	\$	25,299	12,956	\$	85,517	\$	1,271	\$	86,788
SASKATCHEWAN, CANADA	55,194	\$	241,088	\$	363	\$	241,451	155,781	\$	676,922	\$	1,187	\$	678,109
SWITZERLAND	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	6	\$	192	\$	13	\$	205
TAIWAN	11,986	\$	11,000	\$	2,318	\$	13,318	32,151	\$	46,143	\$	2,332	\$	48,475
TOGO	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	480	\$	3,846	\$	420	\$	4,266
UKRAINE	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	94,800	\$	163,530	\$	11,900	\$	175,430
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	63	\$	990	\$	75	\$	1,065	63	\$	990	\$	75	\$	1,065
URUGUAY	19,175	\$	57,485	\$	1,025	\$	58,510	188,052	\$	628,806	\$	15,864	\$	644,670
Grand Total	1,216,363	\$:	3,945,936	\$	99,384	\$	4,045,320	3,189,571	\$	10,519,907	\$	240,288	\$	10,760,195

^{1.} Source: Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Automated Commercial Environment (ACE)

^{2.} CIF Value: Cost, Insurance, and Freight

^{3.} Total Value: Value + CIF Value

	Natu	ral Honey, No	ot F	or Retail S	ale,	, Extra Light	(HTS Code	040	9000045)					
Country of Origin		Month:	N	Mar 2021			2021 TOTAL TO DATE							
Country of Origin	Kilograms	Value		F Value (2)	То	tal Value (3)	Kilograms		Value		IF Value (2)	To	tal Value (3)	
ARGENTINA	1,776,002	\$ 5,813,268	\$	155,702	\$	5,968,970	4,014,090	\$	12,361,874	\$	332,495	\$	12,029,379	
AUSTRALIA	16,435	\$ 52,800	\$	1,500	\$	54,300	16,435	\$	52,800	\$	1,500	\$	51,300	
BRAZIL	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	48,450	\$	181,594	\$	7,554	\$	174,040	
EL SALVADOR	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	240	\$	1,800	\$	750	\$	1,050	
FRANCE	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	763	\$	9,539	\$	526	\$	9,013	
GERMANY, FED. REPUBLIC	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	24,582	\$	95,982	\$	5,223	\$	90,759	
INDIA	818,727	\$ 1,469,128	\$	136,666	\$	1,605,794	3,256,256	\$	5,085,365	\$	502,314	\$	4,583,051	
ITALY	6	\$ 29	\$	3	\$	32	6	\$	29	\$	3	\$	26	
MEXICO	17,215	\$ 52,779	\$	650	\$	53,429	17,215	\$	52,779	\$	650	\$	52,129	
SPAIN	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	7,200	\$	44,568	\$	1,831	\$	42,737	
TAIWAN	95,700	\$ 121,348	\$	400	\$	121,748	287,100	\$	376,197	\$	900	\$	375,297	
THAILAND	36,000	\$ 51,660	\$	6,000	\$	57,660	36,000	\$	51,660	\$	6,000	\$	45,660	
UKRAINE	399,732	\$ 1,207,775	\$	73,162	\$	1,280,937	1,739,007	\$	5,399,919	\$	334,588	\$	5,065,331	
URUGUAY	76,958	\$ 212,390	\$	6,090	\$	218,480	265,909	\$	745,250	\$	20,684	\$	724,566	
VIETNAM	758,550	\$ 977,380	\$	45,300	\$	1,022,680	1,246,050	\$	1,615,810	\$	56,635	\$	1,559,175	
Grand Total	3,995,325	\$ 9,958,557	\$	425,473	\$	10,384,030	10,959,302	\$	26,075,166	\$	1,271,653	\$	24,803,513	

	Natural Honey, Certified for Organic (HTS Code 0409000005)														
Country of Origin			Month:	N	lar 2021			2021 TOTAL TO DATE							
Southly of Origin	Kilograms	Value		CIF Value (2)			tal Value (3)	Kilograms		Value	С	IF Value (2)	Total Value (3)		
ALBERTA, CANADA	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	47,921	\$	284,701	\$	646	\$	285,347	
ARGENTINA	268,247	\$	729,109	\$	28,772	\$	757,881	818,743	\$	2,360,613	\$	106,772	\$	2,467,385	
AUSTRALIA	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	2,560	\$	176,559	\$	2,500	\$	179,059	
BRAZIL	3,026,062	\$	12,327,166	\$	326,682	\$	12,653,848	6,667,005	\$	27,172,764	\$	711,460	\$	27,884,224	
BRITISH COLUMBIA, CANADA	3,429	\$	891	\$	-	\$	891	3,429	\$	891	\$	-	\$	891	
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	13,348	\$	36,000	\$	2,365	\$	38,365	13,348	\$	36,000	\$	2,365	\$	38,365	
FRANCE	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	121	\$	2,524	\$	532	\$	3,056	
GREECE	210	\$	3,252	\$	800	\$	4,052	210	\$	3,252	\$	800	\$	4,052	
INDIA	336,862	\$	709,916	\$	51,878	\$	761,794	901,042	\$	1,902,829	\$	141,618	\$	2,044,447	
ITALY	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	100	\$	2,670	\$	48	\$	2,718	
MALAYSIA	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	26	\$	280	\$	295	\$	575	
MEXICO	2,269	\$	9,394	\$	345	\$	9,739	10,113	\$	46,347	\$	1,695	\$	48,042	
NIGERIA	15	\$	10	\$	26	\$	36	15	\$	10	\$	26	\$	36	
ONTARIO, CANADA	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	1,958	\$	3,970	\$	1,000	\$	4,970	
QUEBEC, CANADA	1	\$	196	\$	-	\$	196	9,038	\$	48,063	\$	256	\$	48,319	
SPAIN	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	286	\$	3,680	\$	2	\$	3,682	
TANZANIA	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	300	\$	1,950	\$	160	\$	2,110	
UKRAINE	75,840	\$	140,683	\$	8,000	\$	148,683	265,440	\$	754,230	\$	42,001	\$	796,231	
URUGUAY	74,340	\$	234,440	\$	7,915	\$	242,355	130,095	\$	338,486	\$	13,807	\$	352,293	
VIETNAM	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	111,785	\$	138,922	\$	12,000	\$	150,922	
Grand Total	3,800,623	\$	14,191,057	\$	426,783	\$	14,617,840	8,983,535	\$	33,278,741	\$	1,037,983	\$	34,316,724	

Source: Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Automated Commercial Environment (ACE)
 CIF Value: Cost, Insurance, and Freight
 Total Value: Value + CIF Value

	Comb	Honey and	d Ho	ney Package	ed f	or Retail Sal	e (HTS Code	04	09000010)				
		Mont	h:	Mar 2021					2021 TOT	AL TO	O DATE		
Country of Origin	Kilograms	Value		CIF Value (2)	То	tal Value (3)	Kilograms	T	Value		F Value (2)	To	otal Value (3)
ALBERTA, CANADA	826	\$ 37,9	02	\$ 150	\$	38,052	4,031	\$		\$	450	\$	111,843
ARGENTINA	12,595	\$ 37,4		\$ 3,000	\$	40,414	44,485	\$	•	\$	13,537	\$	164,972
AUSTRALIA	1,021	\$ 75,6		\$ 1,241	\$	76,877	58,860	\$		\$	35,846	\$	766,897
AUSTRIA	1,131	\$ 10,4		\$ 688	\$	11,181	1,923	\$	•	\$	1,020	\$	18,071
BELARUS	13,039	\$ 60,3		\$ 2	\$	60,329	27,582	\$		\$	4	\$	119,483
BRAZIL	-	\$		\$ -	\$	-	90	\$		\$	120	\$	1,925
CHILE	-	\$		\$ -	\$	-	344	\$		\$	86	\$	2,523
COLOMBIA	-	\$		\$ -	\$	-	105	\$		\$	13	\$	258
COSTA RICA	86	\$ 5	552	\$ 50	\$	602	86	\$	552	\$	50	\$	602
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	3,520		80	\$ 273	\$	6,753	3,520	\$		\$	273	\$	6,753
ECUADOR	-	\$		\$ -	\$	-	530	\$		\$	1	\$	4,873
EGYPT	-	\$		\$ -	\$	-	1,000	\$		\$	336	\$	10,036
FRANCE	478	\$ 10,5	96	\$ 491	\$	11,087	16,703	\$		\$	5,802	\$	259,489
GERMANY, FED. REPUBLIC	796		66	\$ 257	\$	6,723	16,402	\$		\$	4,953	\$	119,194
GHANA	-	\$		\$ -	\$	-	30	\$	•	\$	39	\$	264
GREECE	12,030	\$ 180,0	99	\$ 3,455	\$	183,554	26,269	\$		\$	8,164	\$	279,222
GUINEA	2	\$	22	\$ 106	\$	128	4	\$		\$	123	\$	195
HONDURAS	565	\$ 1,5		\$ 1	\$	1,501	565	\$		\$	1	\$	1,501
HONG KONG	1	\$	3	\$ -	\$	3	1	\$		\$	_	\$	3
HUNGARY	54,231	\$ 751,6	_	\$ 17,263	\$	768,864	84,537	\$		\$	28,013	\$	1,225,672
INDIA	78,323	\$ 158,9		\$ 5	\$	158,983	153,432	\$		\$	10	\$	289,054
INDONESIA		\$		\$ -	\$	-	35	\$,-	\$	75	\$	1,075
ISRAEL	_	\$		\$ -	\$	_	75	\$		\$	94	\$	659
ITALY	4,176	\$ 87,8	22	\$ 2,607	Ś	90,429	9,692	\$		\$	4,736	\$	173,826
JAPAN	441	\$ 15,7		\$ 440	\$	16,218	441	\$		\$	440	\$	16,218
KOREA, REPUBLIC OF	17		49	\$ 11	\$	360	17	\$		\$	11	\$	360
LATVIA		\$		\$ -	\$	-	6	\$		\$	10	\$	55
LEBANON	58	-	60	\$ 75	\$	1,035	58	\$		\$	75	\$	1,035
LITHUANIA	1,134	\$ 8,7		\$ 990	\$	9,785	4,174	\$		\$	991	\$	22,684
MALAYSIA	20		24	\$ 102	\$	226	261	\$		\$	1,615	\$	2,435
MEXICO	33,623	\$ 60,2		\$ 194	\$	60,431	76,207	\$		\$	4,021	\$	174,186
MOLDOVA	660	\$ 4,2		\$ 1	\$	4,172	2,220	\$		\$	3	\$	13,610
MONACO	82		74	\$ 71	\$	1,245	164	\$		\$	276	\$	2,737
MONGOLIA	-	\$		\$ -	\$	-,	15	\$		\$		\$	4
MOROCCO	1	\$	37	\$ -	\$	37	1	\$		\$	-	\$	37
NEW ZEALAND	96,829	\$ 1,502,3		\$ 47,906	\$	1,550,279	276,048	\$		\$	163,432	\$	5,994,781
NICARAGUA	-	\$		\$ -	\$	-	132	\$		\$	485	\$	585
NIGERIA	3	\$	10	\$ 1	Ś	11	21	\$		\$	14	\$	48
ONTARIO, CANADA	18,971	\$ 128,5		\$ 2,146	\$	130,698	36,776	\$		\$	4,791	\$	317,845
PAKISTAN	,	\$		\$ -	\$	-	3,724	Ś	21,870		540	\$	22,410
PERU	_	\$		\$ -	\$	_	449	\$			171	\$	2,245
POLAND	_	\$		\$ -	\$	_	7,908	\$			2,309	\$	20,122
PORTUGAL	30		.96	\$ 25	\$	221	561	\$			195	\$	5,210
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA	-	\$		\$ -	\$	-	0	\$			4,000	\$	17,466
ROMANIA	801		79	\$ 1	\$	5,880	1,281	Ś	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	4,000	\$	9,989
RUSSIA	578	, ,,	40	\$ 2	\$	4,742	9,671	\$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ċ	6	\$	58,512
SIERRA LEONE	378	۶ 4 ,,	40	\$ -	\$	4,742	711	1		ċ	153	\$	1,697
SPAIN	89,315	\$ 646,6	10	\$ 19,067	\$	665,685	207,534	\$		\$	47,482	\$	1,467,396
SYRIA	89,313		10	\$ 15,007		003,083	512	·					
TAIWAN	- C 120	\$ 172			\$	176 270		_		\$	113	\$	503
	6,130	\$ 172,7	<i>)</i> 3	\$ 3,526 \$ -	\$	176,279	9,893	\$		\$	5,288	\$	215,718
THAILAND	67.500	·				402.462	867 255 074	٠.	-,		299		5,812
TURKEY	67,502	\$ 475,8		\$ 16,318	\$	492,163	255,074	_	, ,		64,504	\$	1,758,813
UKRAINE	-	\$	- 1	\$ -	\$	-	11,820	\$	•	\$	1	\$	34,056
UNITED KINGDOM	-	\$ 12.		\$ -	\$	-	2.467	\$		\$ د	75	\$	1,065
UNITED KINGDOM	407	\$ 12,4	59	\$ 265	\$	12,724	3,467	\$		\$	1,333	\$	38,557
VIETNAM	-	\$ 4.400.0	44	\$ -	\$	4 505 656	39,440	_	-, -	\$	3,000	\$	48,145
Grand Total	499,421	\$ 4,466,9	41	\$ 120,730	\$	4,587,671	1,399,759	\$	13,403,345	\$	409,381	\$	13,812,726

^{1.} Source: Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Automated Commercial Environment (ACE) 2. CIF Value: Cost, Insurance, and Freight

^{3.} Total Value: Value + CIF Value

Natural Honey, Not Packaged for Retail Sale, Light Amber														
					(HTS Co	ode	0409000056	5)						
Construct Orbits			Month:	M	ar 2021			2021 TOTAL TO DATE						
Country of Origin	Kilograms		Value	CIF	Value (2)	Total Value (3)		Kilograms		Value	C	CIF Value (2)	То	tal Value (3)
ARGENTINA	449,240	\$	1,556,031	\$	37,564	\$	1,593,595	1,599,213	\$	4,977,401	\$	155,827	\$	5,133,228
AUSTRALIA	1	\$	1,723	\$	42	\$	1,765	1	\$	1,723	\$	42	\$	1,765
BRAZIL	207,672	\$	660,743	\$	16,674	\$	677,417	419,055	\$	1,626,992	\$	36,254	\$	1,663,246
BURMA (UNION OF BURMA)	18,560	\$	23,200	\$	5,000	\$	28,200	18,560	\$	23,200	\$	5,000	\$	28,200
CAMEROON	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	429	\$	780	\$	81	\$	861
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	19,761	\$	48,880	\$	1,118	\$	49,998	23,086	\$	60,302	\$	1,610	\$	61,912
ETHIOPIA	67	\$	756	\$	26	\$	782	67	\$	756	\$	26	\$	782
FINLAND	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	66	\$	2,232	\$	67	\$	2,299
GEORGIA	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	419	\$	3,411	\$	109	\$	3,520
GERMANY, FED. REPUBLIC	21,000	\$	142,515	\$	3,601	\$	146,116	69,477	\$	551,991	\$	27,481	\$	579,472
GREECE	32,266	\$	109,927	\$	3,569	\$	113,496	35,568	\$	121,668	\$	5,602	\$	127,270
GUATEMALA	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	3	\$	74	\$	2	\$	76
HONG KONG	- 1	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	8,892	\$	66,690	\$	1,800	\$	68,490
INDIA	2,205,176	\$	3,441,073	\$	340,282	\$	3,781,355	4,776,264	\$	7,318,717	\$	692,161	\$	8,010,878
ITALY	837	\$	21,403	\$	800	\$	22,203	1,106	\$	23,866	\$	1,106	\$	24,972
JAMAICA	117	\$	1,377	\$	137	\$	1,514	117	\$	1,377	\$	137	\$	1,514
KYRGYZSTAN	28	\$	138	\$	22	\$	160	510	\$	3,755	\$	63	\$	3,818
MEXICO	15,703	\$	48,484	\$	121	\$	48,605	72,271	\$	192,865	\$	1,425	\$	194,290
MYANMAR	229,680	\$	297,052	\$	52,004	\$	349,056	229,680	\$	297,052	\$	52,004	\$	349,056
NEW ZEALAND	882	\$	44,678	\$	355	\$	45,033	3,680	\$	195,936	\$	4,555	\$	200,491
NIGERIA	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	4	\$	22	\$	171	\$	193
ONTARIO, CANADA	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	187	\$	668	\$	16	\$	684
PAKISTAN	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	642	\$	3,000	\$	700	\$	3,700
POLAND	50	\$	1,249	\$	81	\$	1,330	7,912	\$	31,602	\$	1,331	\$	32,933
QUEBEC, CANADA	24	\$	97	\$	-	\$	97	24	\$	97	\$	-	\$	97
SPAIN	21,622	\$	108,076	\$	3,322	\$	111,398	42,883	\$	259,755	\$	5,165	\$	264,920
TAIWAN	2,250	\$	3,150	\$	154	\$	3,304	5,356	\$	8,557	\$	619	\$	9,176
TURKEY	57,600	\$	138,240	\$	18,600	\$	156,840	98,914	\$	189,883	\$	25,200	\$	215,083
UKRAINE	18,960	\$	108,072	\$	4,500	\$	112,572	37,920	\$	216,144	\$	9,000	\$	225,144
UNITED KINGDOM	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	110	\$	1,171	\$	520	\$	1,691
URUGUAY	110,398	\$	285,643	\$	9,554	\$	295,197	241,103	\$	605,458	\$	22,633	\$	628,091
VIETNAM	1,449,970	\$	1,766,441	\$	228,267	\$	1,994,708	7,193,775	\$	8,692,106	\$	912,684	\$	9,604,790
Grand Total	4,861,864	\$	8,808,948	\$	725,793	\$	9,534,741	14,887,294	\$	25,479,251	\$	1,963,391	\$	27,442,642

^{1.} Source: Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Automated Commercial Environment (ACE) 2. CIF Value: Cost, Insurance, and Freight 3. Total Value: Value + CIF Value

	Natural Hon	ey,	Not For R	Reta	ail Sale, An	nbe	er or Darker	(HTS Code 04	090	00065)			
Country of Origin			Month:	N	/lar 2021					2021 TOTA	L TO DATE		
Country of Origin	Kilograms		Value	CI	F Value (2)	Т	otal Value (3)	Kilograms		Value	CIF Value (2)	Т	otal Value (3)
ALBANIA	42	\$	106	\$	7	\$	113	215	\$	2,506	\$ 154	. \$	2,660
ALBERTA, CANADA	-	\$	-	\$	-	Ş	\$ -	68	\$	1,276	\$ 53	\$	1,329
ARGENTINA	-	\$	-	\$	-	Ş	\$ -	15,993	\$	23,990	\$ 3,253	\$	27,243
AUSTRALIA	1	\$	1,351	\$	33	\$	1,384	3,951	\$	159,024	\$ 7,416	\$	166,440
BRAZIL	24	\$	127	\$	2	\$	129	61	\$	319	\$ 4	\$	323
BULGARIA	3,058	\$	22,570	\$	45	\$	22,615	3,058	\$	22,570	\$ 45	\$	22,615
CAMEROON	66	\$	120	\$	15	\$	135	186	\$	175	\$ 53	\$	228
CHINA(MAINLAND)	2	\$	33	\$	2	\$	35	2	\$	33	\$ 2	\$	35
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	14,260	\$	44,850	\$	2,500	\$	47,350	43,645	\$	136,930	\$ 15,397	\$	152,327
EGYPT	2,400	\$	11,250	\$	1,392	\$	12,642	2,400	\$	11,250	\$ 1,392	\$	12,642
FRANCE	800	\$	12,583	\$	191	\$	12,774	1,624	\$	25,645	\$ 2,264	\$	27,909
GEORGIA	-	\$	-	\$	-	Ş	\$ -	746	\$	10,010	\$ 208	\$	10,218
GERMANY, FED. REPUBLIC	2	\$	48	\$	4	\$	52	2	\$	48	\$ 4	. \$	52
GHANA	-	\$	-	\$	-	Ş	\$ -	178	\$	250	\$ 59	\$	309
GREECE	8,189	\$	58,417	\$	3,507	\$	61,924	15,597	\$	139,490	\$ 8,414	\$	147,904
GUATEMALA	143	\$	204	\$	33	\$	237	2,556	\$	4,197	\$ 621	. \$	4,818
GUINEA	-	\$	-	\$	-	Ş	\$ -	12,427	\$	3,800	\$ 993	\$	4,793
HAITI	-	\$	-	\$	-	Ş	\$ -	150	\$	180	\$ 67	\$	247
INDIA	50,101	\$	75,771	\$	8,003	\$	83,774	124,541	\$	199,120	\$ 13,485	\$	212,605
INDONESIA	-	\$	-	\$	-	Ş	\$ -	65	\$	2,400	\$ 150	\$	2,550
ISRAEL	-	\$	-	\$	-	Ş	\$ -	1,392	\$	15,490	\$ 1,346	\$	16,836
ITALY	321	\$	2,758	\$	266	\$	3,024	16,533	\$	122,831	\$ 5,414	. \$	128,245
IVORY COAST	-	\$	-	\$	-	Ş	\$ -	596	\$	150	\$ 103	\$	253
JAPAN	51	\$	510	\$	31	\$	5 541	113	\$	1,455	\$ 77	\$	1,532
KYRGYZSTAN	8,996	\$	42,983	\$	3,345	\$	46,328	8,996	\$	42,983	\$ 3,345	\$	46,328
MALAYSIA	29	\$	1	\$	134	\$	135	143	\$	197	\$ 792	\$	989
MEXICO	41,829	\$	57,359	\$	212	\$	57,571	169,869	\$	185,829	\$ 1,236	\$	187,065
MOLDOVA	-	\$	-	\$	-	Ş	\$ -	485	\$	4,258	\$ 4	\$	4,262
NEW ZEALAND	115,896	\$	4,378,129	\$	58,504	\$	4,436,633	274,429	\$	10,182,802	\$ 153,875	\$	10,336,677
NIGERIA	585	\$	284	\$	164	\$	448	835	\$	424	\$ 634	. \$	1,058
OMAN	-	\$	-	\$	-	Ş	\$ -	800	\$	16,820	\$ 6,945	\$	23,765
ONTARIO, CANADA	102	\$	756	\$	5	\$	761	102	\$	756	\$ 5	\$	761
PAKISTAN	1,112	\$	4,686	\$	273	\$	4,959	1,472	\$	5,976	\$ 287	\$	6,263
PHILIPPINES	-	\$	-	\$	-	Ş	\$ -	125	\$	445	\$ 17	\$	462
POLAND	14,155	\$	51,303	\$	2,702	\$	54,005	16,669	\$	66,263	\$ 3,946	\$	70,209
PORTUGAL	58	\$	1,027	\$	23	\$	1,050	58	\$	1,027	\$ 23	\$	1,050
QUEBEC, CANADA	2,311	\$	15,743	\$	500	\$	16,243	6,023	\$	37,731	\$ 1,000	\$	38,731
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA	-	\$	-	\$	-	Ş	\$ -	1	\$	6	\$ 1	. \$	7
REPUBLIC OF YEMEN	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	\$ -	433	\$	15,588	\$ 927	\$	16,515
RUSSIA	14,947	\$	37,208	\$	2,071	\$		16,598	\$	45,944	\$ 2,571	. \$	
SAUDI ARABIA	3,984		35,320	\$	2,500	_		3,984		35,320			
SERBIA	-	\$	-	\$	-	5		12,203	\$	43,134		_	
SIERRA LEONE	-	\$	-	\$	-	5	\$ -	30	\$	150	\$ 10	\$	160
SPAIN	139	\$	4,785	\$	170	\$		190	\$	5,674	•	_	
TAIWAN	-	\$	-	\$	-	Ġ		483	\$	4,894	\$ 121	_	•
TURKEY	3,487	\$	14,208	\$	515	_		19,148	\$	64,775		_	
UKRAINE	95,700		578,247	\$	8,374	_		172,260		960,662		_	
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	-	\$	-	\$	-	3		32	\$	990	\$ 75		
UNITED KINGDOM	3,903		86,051	\$	1,392	_		13,009		319,984	\$ 21,719	_	
VIETNAM	814,310		944,898	\$	140,713	\$		3,244,068	\$	3,698,234	\$ 565,950	_	
Grand Total	1,201,004	_	,	\$		_	6,721,314	4,208,545	\$	16,624,005	\$ 863,190	_	17,487,195

Source: Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Automated Commercial Environment (ACE)
 CIF Value: Cost, Insurance, and Freight
 Total Value: Value + CIF Value